

***Members who have opted out of health coverage or who have waived health coverage are not eligible for the financial incentive.***

If you are currently not participating in the State of Illinois Insurance Program because you have waived or opted out of the coverage and would like to qualify for the financial incentive payment, you must first elect to opt back in to the state's health program during a Benefit Choice Period or upon experiencing a Qualifying Change in Status. Then, upon re-electing to opt out of the coverage (either during a Benefit Choice Period or upon experiencing a Qualifying Change in Status), you would become eligible for the financial incentive.

**State Employees' Retirement System  
Non-Medicare Annuitant  
OPT OUT Election with Financial Incentive**

In accordance with Public Act 94-0109, SERS Annuitants receiving a retirement annuity who are not eligible for Medicare and elect not to participate in the Health Plan including health, pharmacy, dental and vision coverage of the State Employees Group Insurance Program will be entitled to receive a monthly financial incentive.

**Member Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Member SSN:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Member Daytime Phone #:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Evening Phone #:** \_\_\_\_\_

**I fully understand and certify the following:**

1. The election to opt out of the Health Plan is entirely voluntary. If I elect to opt out, any health, pharmacy, dental and vision dependent coverage will also be terminated. The State of Illinois is not responsible for any expenses incurred after my termination date for my dependents or myself. Furthermore, my covered dependents and I are not eligible for COBRA continuation coverage.
2. I must complete this SERS Non-Medicare Annuitant Opt Out Election with Financial Incentive form and furnish proof of enrollment in another health benefit plan, either comprehensive major medical or comprehensive managed care, from a source other than the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (DCMS), including the Local Government Health Plan, Teachers' Retirement Insurance Program or College Insurance Program, before my coverage will be terminated. My Health Plan coverage will not be terminated until other eligible coverage is in effect, appropriate documentation has been submitted and such documentation has been approved by SERS/DCMS.
3. If I elect to opt out of the Health Plan, I will continue to be enrolled in the state-paid basic life insurance plan. I understand I am eligible to participate in the optional life insurance plan, which includes Spouse Life, Child Life and Member Optional Life.
4. If, at a later date, I wish to re-enroll as a member or a dependent in one of the health plans administered by DCMS, I understand I will no longer be eligible for the monthly financial incentive. I also understand pre-existing condition limitations may apply if I am unable to provide a Certificate of Creditable Coverage from my previous insurance carrier.
5. To the best of my knowledge, the opt-out documentation furnished to substantiate coverage in another health benefit plan is accurate and the policy is currently in force.
6. I agree to return to DCMS all payments made in error or for fraudulent acts which include, but are no limited to, the following: (a) failure to report change and/or Qualifying Changes in Status timely; (b) falsifying information in order to receive Opt Out Incentive payments. My failure to repay payments as required will result in termination of the financial incentive and disallowance of future coverage in the Health Plan.
7. I understand that if I become ineligible for the financial incentive due to my enrollment in Medicare or the loss of other coverage, my Opt Out election remains in force until such time I elect to re-enroll in the Health Plan.

**Member Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

 **Please send this completed form with proof of other coverage to your Group Insurance Representative (GIR) at the State Employees' Retirement System, 2101 South Veterans Parkway, P.O. Box 19255, Springfield, IL 62794-9255.**

<b>Retirement System Use Only</b>	<b>Member Eligible for Financial Incentive:</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
	<b>Member Eligible for Medicare:</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
	<b>Proof of Comprehensive Coverage Attached?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Appropriate Opt Out Type Enrollee Code</b> _____
			<b>Effective Date:</b> _____
	_____ Group Insurance Representative Signature		_____ Date



**Authorization for Direct Deposit of SERS Opt Out Incentive Payment**

Please fill out and return to the State Employees' Retirement System

I authorize the State of Illinois to initiate electronic credit entries and the financial institution listed below to receive credit entries, and if necessary, reversing credit entries for any credit given in error or not owed to my account, each payment period. This authority will remain in effect until I have canceled it in writing.

1. <b>Name</b> (please print)		2. <b>Social Security Number</b>	
3. <b>Payroll Code</b> 37-600	4. <b>Check One</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Checking <input type="checkbox"/> Savings		
5. <b>Financial Institution: Name and City</b>			
6. <b>Account Number</b>		7. <b>Bank Transit Routing Number</b> (9 digits)	
8. <b>Signature</b>		9. <b>Date</b>	10. <b>Home Phone Number</b>

**Form Completion Instructions**

- Name** – Print your first name, middle initial and last name.
- Social Security Number** – Indicate your 9-digit social security number.
- Payroll Code** – Pre-filled – no response required.
- Checking or Savings Line** – Indicate whether your direct deposit account is a checking or savings account by checking the appropriate box.
- Financial Institution Name and City** – Print the name and city of the financial institution at which you bank.
- Account Number** – Indicate your account number. If depositing into a checking account, the account number is found on the MICR line at the bottom of your personal check.
- Bank Transit Routing Number** – Indicate the 9-digit bank transit routing number found on the MICR line on the bottom of your personal check.
- Signature** – Sign the form.
- Date Field** - Print the date the form was completed.
- Home Phone Number** – Indicate your home phone number.

**NOTE: Attach a voided check to the signed authorization form and return to: State Employees' Retirement System, 2101 S. Veterans Parkway, P.O. Box 19255, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9255.**

# Form W-4 (2011)

**Purpose.** Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. Consider completing a new Form W-4 each year and when your personal or financial situation changes.

**Exemption from withholding.** If you are exempt, complete **only** lines 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7 and sign the form to validate it. Your exemption for 2011 expires February 16, 2012. See Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

**Note.** If another person can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return, you cannot claim exemption from withholding if your income exceeds \$950 and includes more than \$300 of unearned income (for example, interest and dividends).

**Basic instructions.** If you are not exempt, complete the **Personal Allowances Worksheet** below. The worksheets on page 2 further adjust your withholding allowances based on itemized deductions, certain credits, adjustments to income, or two-earners/multiple jobs situations.

Complete all worksheets that apply. However, you may claim fewer (or zero) allowances. For regular wages, withholding must be based on allowances you claimed and may not be a flat amount or percentage of wages.

**Head of household.** Generally, you may claim head of household filing status on your tax return only if you are unmarried and pay more than 50% of the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and your dependent(s) or other qualifying individuals. See Pub. 501, Exemptions, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information, for information.

**Tax credits.** You can take projected tax credits into account in figuring your allowable number of withholding allowances. Credits for child or dependent care expenses and the child tax credit may be claimed using the **Personal Allowances Worksheet** below. See Pub. 919, How Do I Adjust My Tax Withholding, for information on converting your other credits into withholding allowances.

**Nonwage income.** If you have a large amount of nonwage income, such as interest or dividends, consider making estimated tax payments using

Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals. Otherwise, you may owe additional tax. If you have pension or annuity income, see Pub. 919 to find out if you should adjust your withholding on Form W-4 or W-4P.

**Two earners or multiple jobs.** If you have a working spouse or more than one job, figure the total number of allowances you are entitled to claim on all jobs using worksheets from only one Form W-4. Your withholding usually will be most accurate when all allowances are claimed on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job and zero allowances are claimed on the others. See Pub. 919 for details.

**Nonresident alien.** If you are a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form.

**Check your withholding.** After your Form W-4 takes effect, use Pub. 919 to see how the amount you are having withheld compares to your projected total tax for 2011. See Pub. 919, especially if your earnings exceed \$130,000 (Single) or \$180,000 (Married).

## Personal Allowances Worksheet (Keep for your records.)

<b>A</b>	Enter "1" for <b>yourself</b> if no one else can claim you as a dependent . . . . .	<b>A</b>	<u>      </u>			
<b>B</b>	Enter "1" if: <table border="0" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">{</td> <td style="padding: 0 10px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You are single and have only one job; or</li> <li>• You are married, have only one job, and your spouse does not work; or</li> <li>• Your wages from a second job or your spouse's wages (or the total of both) are \$1,500 or less.</li> </ul> </td> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">}</td> </tr> </table> . . . . .	{	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You are single and have only one job; or</li> <li>• You are married, have only one job, and your spouse does not work; or</li> <li>• Your wages from a second job or your spouse's wages (or the total of both) are \$1,500 or less.</li> </ul>	}	<b>B</b>	<u>      </u>
{	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You are single and have only one job; or</li> <li>• You are married, have only one job, and your spouse does not work; or</li> <li>• Your wages from a second job or your spouse's wages (or the total of both) are \$1,500 or less.</li> </ul>	}				
<b>C</b>	Enter "1" for your <b>spouse</b> . But, you may choose to enter "-0-" if you are married and have either a working spouse or more than one job. (Entering "-0-" may help you avoid having too little tax withheld.) . . . . .	<b>C</b>	<u>      </u>			
<b>D</b>	Enter number of <b>dependents</b> (other than your spouse or yourself) you will claim on your tax return . . . . .	<b>D</b>	<u>      </u>			
<b>E</b>	Enter "1" if you will file as <b>head of household</b> on your tax return (see conditions under <b>Head of household</b> above) . . . . .	<b>E</b>	<u>      </u>			
<b>F</b>	Enter "1" if you have at least \$1,900 of <b>child or dependent care expenses</b> for which you plan to claim a credit . . . . . ( <b>Note.</b> Do <b>not</b> include child support payments. See Pub. 503, Child and Dependent Care Expenses, for details.)	<b>F</b>	<u>      </u>			
<b>G</b>	<b>Child Tax Credit</b> (including additional child tax credit). See Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit, for more information. • If your total income will be less than \$61,000 (\$90,000 if married), enter "2" for each eligible child; then <b>less</b> "1" if you have three or more eligible children. • If your total income will be between \$61,000 and \$84,000 (\$90,000 and \$119,000 if married), enter "1" for each eligible child plus "1" <b>additional</b> if you have six or more eligible children . . . . .	<b>G</b>	<u>      </u>			
<b>H</b>	Add lines A through G and enter total here. ( <b>Note.</b> This may be different from the number of exemptions you claim on your tax return.) ▶ <b>H</b> For accuracy, <b>complete all worksheets that apply.</b> <table border="0" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">{</td> <td style="padding: 0 10px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you plan to <b>itemize</b> or <b>claim adjustments to income</b> and want to reduce your withholding, see the <b>Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet</b> on page 2.</li> <li>• If you have <b>more than one job</b> or are <b>married and you and your spouse both work</b> and the combined earnings from all jobs exceed \$40,000 (\$10,000 if married), see the <b>Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet</b> on page 2 to avoid having too little tax withheld.</li> <li>• If <b>neither</b> of the above situations applies, <b>stop here</b> and enter the number from line H on line 5 of Form W-4 below.</li> </ul> </td> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">}</td> </tr> </table>	{	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you plan to <b>itemize</b> or <b>claim adjustments to income</b> and want to reduce your withholding, see the <b>Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet</b> on page 2.</li> <li>• If you have <b>more than one job</b> or are <b>married and you and your spouse both work</b> and the combined earnings from all jobs exceed \$40,000 (\$10,000 if married), see the <b>Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet</b> on page 2 to avoid having too little tax withheld.</li> <li>• If <b>neither</b> of the above situations applies, <b>stop here</b> and enter the number from line H on line 5 of Form W-4 below.</li> </ul>	}	<b>H</b>	<u>      </u>
{	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you plan to <b>itemize</b> or <b>claim adjustments to income</b> and want to reduce your withholding, see the <b>Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet</b> on page 2.</li> <li>• If you have <b>more than one job</b> or are <b>married and you and your spouse both work</b> and the combined earnings from all jobs exceed \$40,000 (\$10,000 if married), see the <b>Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet</b> on page 2 to avoid having too little tax withheld.</li> <li>• If <b>neither</b> of the above situations applies, <b>stop here</b> and enter the number from line H on line 5 of Form W-4 below.</li> </ul>	}				

----- Cut here and give Form W-4 to your employer. Keep the top part for your records. -----

Form <b>W-4</b> Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	<h2 style="margin: 0;">Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate</h2> <p style="margin: 0;">▶ <b>Whether you are entitled to claim a certain number of allowances or exemption from withholding is subject to review by the IRS. Your employer may be required to send a copy of this form to the IRS.</b></p>	OMB No. 1545-0074  <span style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">2011</span>
1 Type or print your first name and middle initial.	Last name	2 Your social security number
Home address (number and street or rural route)		3 <input type="checkbox"/> Single <input type="checkbox"/> Married <input type="checkbox"/> Married, but withhold at higher Single rate. <b>Note.</b> If married, but legally separated, or spouse is a nonresident alien, check the "Single" box.
City or town, state, and ZIP code		4 If your last name differs from that shown on your social security card, check here. You must call 1-800-772-1213 for a replacement card. ▶ <input type="checkbox"/>
5 Total number of allowances you are claiming (from line H above or from the applicable worksheet on page 2)	5 <u>      </u>	
6 Additional amount, if any, you want withheld from each paycheck . . . . .	6 \$ <u>      </u>	
7 I claim exemption from withholding for 2011, and I certify that I meet <b>both</b> of the following conditions for exemption. • Last year I had a right to a refund of <b>all</b> federal income tax withheld because I had <b>no</b> tax liability <b>and</b> • This year I expect a refund of <b>all</b> federal income tax withheld because I expect to have <b>no</b> tax liability. If you meet both conditions, write "Exempt" here . . . . . ▶		7 <u>      </u>
Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this certificate and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct, and complete.		
<b>Employee's signature</b> (This form is not valid unless you sign it.) ▶		<b>Date</b> ▶
8 Employer's name and address (Employer: Complete lines 8 and 10 only if sending to the IRS.)	9 Office code (optional)	10 Employer identification number (EIN)

### Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet

**Note.** Use this worksheet *only* if you plan to itemize deductions or claim certain credits or adjustments to income.

<b>1</b>	Enter an estimate of your 2011 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes, medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income, and miscellaneous deductions . . . . .	<b>1</b>	\$ _____
<b>2</b>	Enter: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \$11,600 \text{ if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)} \\ \$8,500 \text{ if head of household} \\ \$5,800 \text{ if single or married filing separately} \end{array} \right\}$ . . . . .	<b>2</b>	\$ _____
<b>3</b>	<b>Subtract</b> line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter “-0-” . . . . .	<b>3</b>	\$ _____
<b>4</b>	Enter an estimate of your 2011 adjustments to income and any additional standard deduction (see Pub. 919)	<b>4</b>	\$ _____
<b>5</b>	<b>Add</b> lines 3 and 4 and enter the total. (Include any amount for credits from the <i>Converting Credits to Withholding Allowances for 2011 Form W-4 Worksheet</i> in Pub. 919.) . . . . .	<b>5</b>	\$ _____
<b>6</b>	Enter an estimate of your 2011 nonwage income (such as dividends or interest) . . . . .	<b>6</b>	\$ _____
<b>7</b>	<b>Subtract</b> line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, enter “-0-” . . . . .	<b>7</b>	\$ _____
<b>8</b>	<b>Divide</b> the amount on line 7 by \$3,700 and enter the result here. Drop any fraction . . . . .	<b>8</b>	_____
<b>9</b>	Enter the number from the <b>Personal Allowances Worksheet</b> , line H, page 1 . . . . .	<b>9</b>	_____
<b>10</b>	<b>Add</b> lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If you plan to use the <b>Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet</b> , also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, <b>stop here</b> and enter this total on Form W-4, line 5, page 1 . . . . .	<b>10</b>	_____

### Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet (See *Two earners or multiple jobs* on page 1.)

**Note.** Use this worksheet *only* if the instructions under line H on page 1 direct you here.

<b>1</b>	Enter the number from line H, page 1 (or from line 10 above if you used the <b>Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet</b> )	<b>1</b>	_____
<b>2</b>	Find the number in <b>Table 1</b> below that applies to the <b>LOWEST</b> paying job and enter it here. <b>However</b> , if you are married filing jointly and wages from the highest paying job are \$65,000 or less, do not enter more than “3” . . . . .	<b>2</b>	_____
<b>3</b>	If line 1 is <b>more than or equal to</b> line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter “-0-”) and on Form W-4, line 5, page 1. <b>Do not</b> use the rest of this worksheet . . . . .	<b>3</b>	_____
<b>Note.</b> If line 1 is <b>less than</b> line 2, enter “-0-” on Form W-4, line 5, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill.			
<b>4</b>	Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet . . . . .	<b>4</b>	_____
<b>5</b>	Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet . . . . .	<b>5</b>	_____
<b>6</b>	<b>Subtract</b> line 5 from line 4 . . . . .	<b>6</b>	_____
<b>7</b>	Find the amount in <b>Table 2</b> below that applies to the <b>HIGHEST</b> paying job and enter it here . . . . .	<b>7</b>	\$ _____
<b>8</b>	<b>Multiply</b> line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here. This is the additional annual withholding needed . . . . .	<b>8</b>	\$ _____
<b>9</b>	Divide line 8 by the number of pay periods remaining in 2011. For example, divide by 26 if you are paid every two weeks and you complete this form in December 2010. Enter the result here and on Form W-4, line 6, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each paycheck . . . . .	<b>9</b>	\$ _____

**Table 1**

**Table 2**

Married Filing Jointly		All Others		Married Filing Jointly		All Others	
If wages from <b>LOWEST</b> paying job are—	Enter on line 2 above	If wages from <b>LOWEST</b> paying job are—	Enter on line 2 above	If wages from <b>HIGHEST</b> paying job are—	Enter on line 7 above	If wages from <b>HIGHEST</b> paying job are—	Enter on line 7 above
\$0 - \$5,000 -	0	\$0 - \$8,000 -	0	\$0 - \$65,000	\$560	\$0 - \$35,000	\$560
5,001 - 12,000 -	1	8,001 - 15,000 -	1	65,001 - 125,000	930	35,001 - 90,000	930
12,001 - 22,000 -	2	15,001 - 25,000 -	2	125,001 - 185,000	1,040	90,001 - 165,000	1,040
22,001 - 25,000 -	3	25,001 - 30,000 -	3	185,001 - 335,000	1,220	165,001 - 370,000	1,220
25,001 - 30,000 -	4	30,001 - 40,000 -	4	335,001 and over	1,300	370,001 and over	1,300
30,001 - 40,000 -	5	40,001 - 50,000 -	5				
40,001 - 48,000 -	6	50,001 - 65,000 -	6				
48,001 - 55,000 -	7	65,001 - 80,000 -	7				
55,001 - 65,000 -	8	80,001 - 95,000 -	8				
65,001 - 72,000 -	9	95,001 -120,000 -	9				
72,001 - 85,000 -	10	120,001 and over	10				
85,001 - 97,000 -	11						
97,001 -110,000 -	12						
110,001 -120,000 -	13						
120,001 -135,000 -	14						
135,001 and over	15						

**Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.** We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person who claims no withholding allowances; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

## Additional Instructions

*Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.*

**When should I complete the form?** Complete Form W-4P and give it to the payer as soon as possible. Get Pub. 919, *How Do I Adjust My Tax Withholding*, to see how the dollar amount you are having withheld compares to your projected total federal income tax for 2011. You also may use the IRS Withholding Calculator on the IRS website at [www.irs.gov/individuals](http://www.irs.gov/individuals) for help in determining how many withholding allowances to claim on your Form W-4P.

**Multiple pensions/more than one income.** To figure the number of allowances that you may claim, combine allowances and income subject to withholding from all sources on one worksheet. You may file a Form W-4P with each pension payer, but do not claim the same allowances more than once. Your withholding usually will be most accurate when all allowances are claimed on the Form W-4P for the highest source of income subject to withholding and zero allowances are claimed on the others.

**Other income.** If you have a large amount of income from other sources not subject to withholding (such as interest, dividends, or capital gains), consider making estimated tax payments using Form 1040-ES, *Estimated Tax for Individuals*. Call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) to get Form 1040-ES and Pub. 505, *Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax*. You also can get forms and publications at IRS.gov.

If you have income from wages, see Pub. 919 to find out if you should adjust your withholding on Form W-4 or Form W-4P.

**Note.** Social security and railroad retirement payments may be includible in income. See Form W-4V, *Voluntary Withholding Request*, for information on voluntary withholding from these payments.

### Withholding From Pensions and Annuities

Generally, federal income tax withholding applies to the taxable part of payments made from pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, annuity, and certain deferred compensation plans; from individual retirement arrangements (IRAs); and from commercial annuities. The method and rate of withholding depend on (a) the kind of payment you receive, (b) whether the payments are delivered outside the United States or its commonwealths and possessions, and (c) whether the recipient is a nonresident alien individual, a nonresident alien beneficiary, or a foreign estate. Qualified distributions from a Roth IRA are nontaxable and, therefore, not subject to withholding. See page 4 for special withholding rules that apply to payments outside the United States and payments to foreign persons.

Because your tax situation may change from year to year, you may want to refigure your withholding each year. You can change the amount to be withheld by using lines 2 and 3 of Form W-4P.

**Choosing not to have income tax withheld.** You (or in the event of death, your beneficiary or estate) can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your payments by using line 1 of Form W-4P. For an estate, the election to have no income tax withheld may be made by the executor or personal representative of the decedent. Enter the estate's employer identification number (EIN) in the area reserved for "Your social security number" on Form W-4P.

You may not make this choice for eligible rollover distributions. See *Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding* on page 4.

**Caution.** There are penalties for not paying enough federal income tax during the year, either through withholding or estimated tax payments. New retirees, especially, should see Pub. 505. It explains your estimated tax requirements and describes penalties in detail. You may be able to avoid quarterly estimated tax payments by having enough tax withheld from your pension or annuity using Form W-4P.

**Periodic payments.** Withholding from periodic payments of a pension or annuity is figured in the same manner as withholding from wages. Periodic payments are made in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than 1 year. They may be paid annually, quarterly, monthly, etc.

If you want federal income tax to be withheld, you must designate the number of withholding allowances on line 2 of Form W-4P and indicate your marital status by checking the appropriate box. Under current law, you cannot designate a specific dollar amount to be withheld. However, you can designate an additional amount to be withheld on line 3.

If you do not want any federal income tax withheld from your periodic payments, check the box on line 1 of Form W-4P and submit the form to your payer. However, see *Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments Outside the United States* on page 4.

**Caution.** If you do not submit Form W-4P to your payer, the payer must withhold on periodic payments as if you are married claiming three withholding allowances. Generally, this means that tax will be withheld if your pension or annuity is at least \$1,600 a month.

If you submit a Form W-4P that does not contain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), the payer must withhold as if you are single claiming zero withholding allowances even if you checked the box on line 1 to have no federal income tax withheld.

There are some kinds of periodic payments for which you cannot use Form W-4P because they are already defined as wages subject to federal income tax withholding. These payments include retirement pay for service in the U.S. Armed Forces and payments from certain nonqualified deferred compensation plans and deferred compensation plans described in section 457 of tax-exempt organizations. Your payer should be able to tell you whether Form W-4P applies.

For periodic payments, your Form W-4P stays in effect until you change or revoke it. Your payer must notify you each year of your right to choose not to have federal income tax withheld (if permitted) or to change your choice.

**Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding.** Your payer must withhold at a flat 10% rate from nonperiodic payments (but see *Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding* on page 4) **unless** you choose not to have federal income tax withheld. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. You can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from a nonperiodic payment (if permitted) by submitting Form W-4P (containing your correct TIN) to your payer and checking the box on line 1. Generally, your choice not to have federal income tax withheld will apply to any later payment from the same plan. You cannot use line 2 for nonperiodic payments. But you may use line 3 to specify an additional amount that you want withheld.

**Caution.** If you submit a Form W-4P that does not contain your correct TIN, the payer cannot honor your request not to have income tax withheld and must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax.

**Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding.** Distributions you receive from qualified pension or annuity plans (for example, 401(k) pension plans and section 457(b) plans maintained by a governmental employer) or tax-sheltered annuities that are eligible to be rolled over tax free to an IRA or qualified plan are subject to a flat 20% federal withholding rate. The 20% withholding rate is required, and you cannot choose not to have income tax withheld from eligible rollover distributions. Do not give Form W-4P to your payer unless you want an additional amount withheld. Then, complete line 3 of Form W-4P and submit the form to your payer.

**Note.** The payer will not withhold federal income tax if the entire distribution is transferred by the plan administrator in a direct rollover to a traditional IRA, or another eligible retirement plan (if allowed by the plan) such as a qualified pension plan, governmental section 457(b) plan, section 403(b) contract, or tax-sheltered annuity.

Distributions that are (a) required by law, (b) one of a specified series of equal payments, or (c) qualifying “hardship” distributions are **not** “eligible rollover distributions” and are not subject to the mandatory 20% federal income tax withholding. See Pub. 505 for details. See also *Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding* on page 3.

### Changing Your “No Withholding” Choice

**Periodic payments.** If you previously chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, complete another Form W-4P and submit it to your payer. If you want federal income tax withheld at the rate set by law (married with three allowances), write “Revoked” next to the checkbox on line 1 of the form. If you want tax withheld at any different rate, complete line 2 on the form.

**Nonperiodic payments.** If you previously chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, write “Revoked” next to the checkbox on line 1 and submit Form W-4P to your payer.

### Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments Outside the United States

Unless you are a nonresident alien, withholding (in the manner described above) is required on any periodic or nonperiodic payments that are delivered to you outside the United States or its possessions. You cannot choose not to have federal income tax withheld on line 1 of Form W-4P. See Pub. 505 for details.

In the absence of a tax treaty exemption, nonresident aliens, nonresident alien beneficiaries, and foreign estates generally are subject to a 30% federal withholding tax under section 1441 on the taxable portion of a periodic or nonperiodic pension or annuity payment that is from U.S. sources. However, most tax treaties provide that private pensions and annuities are exempt from withholding and tax. Also, payments from certain pension plans are exempt from withholding even if no tax treaty applies. See Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*, and Pub. 519, *U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens*, for details. A foreign person should submit Form W-8BEN, *Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding*, to the payer before receiving any payments. The Form W-8BEN must contain the foreign person’s TIN.

### Statement of Federal Income Tax Withheld From Your Pension or Annuity

By January 31 of next year, your payer will furnish a statement to you on Form 1099-R, *Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.*, showing the total amount of your pension or annuity payments and the total federal income tax withheld during the year. If you are a foreign person who has provided your payer with Form W-8BEN, your payer instead will furnish a statement to you on Form 1042-S, *Foreign Person’s U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding*, by March 15 of next year.

### Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request federal income tax withholding from periodic pension or annuity payments based on your withholding allowances and marital status, (b) request additional federal income tax withholding from your pension or annuity, (c) choose not to have federal income tax withheld, when permitted, or (d) change or revoke a previous Form W-4P. To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Providing false or fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

**Who must complete this form?**

If you are an employee, you must complete this form so your employer can withhold the correct amount of Illinois Income Tax from your pay. The amount withheld from your pay depends, in part, on the number of allowances you claim on this form.

Even if you claimed exemption from withholding on your federal Form W-4, U.S. Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, because you do not expect to owe any federal income tax, you may be required to have Illinois Income Tax withheld from your pay. If you are claiming exempt status (see Publication 131, Withholding Income Tax Filing and Payment Requirements) from Illinois withholding, you must check the exempt status box on the IL-W-4.

**Note** If you do not file a completed Form IL-W-4 with your employer, if you fail to sign the form or to include all necessary information, or if you alter the form, your employer must withhold Illinois Income Tax on the entire amount of your compensation, without allowing any exemptions.

**When must I file?**

You must file Form IL-W-4 when Illinois Income Tax is required to be withheld from compensation that you receive as an employee. You should complete this form and give it to your employer on or before the date you start working for your employer. You may file a new Form IL-W-4 any time your withholding allowances increase. If the number of your previously claimed allowances decreases, you **must** file a new Form IL-W-4 within 10 days. However, the death of a spouse or a dependent does not affect your withholding allowances until the next tax year.

**When does my Form IL-W-4 take effect?**

If you do not already have a Form IL-W-4 on file with your employer, this form will be effective for the first payment of compensation made to you after this form is filed. If you already have a Form IL-W-4 on file with this employer, your employer may allow any change you file on this form to become effective immediately, but is not required by law to change your withholding until the first payment of compensation is made to you after the first day of the next calendar quarter (that is, January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1) that falls at least 30 days after the date you file the change with your employer.

**Example:** If you have a baby and file a new Form IL-W-4 with your employer to claim an additional exemption for the baby, your employer may immediately change the withholding for all future payments of compensation. However, if you file the new form on September 1, your employer does not have to change your withholding until the first payment of compensation is made to you after October 1. If you file the new form on September 2, your employer does not have to change your withholding until the first payment of compensation made to you after December 31.

**How long is Form IL-W-4 valid?**

Your Form IL-W-4 remains valid until a new form you have filed takes effect or until your employer is required by the department to disregard it. Your employer is required to disregard your Form IL-W-4 if you claim total exemption from Illinois Income Tax withholding, but you have not filed a federal Form W-4 claiming total exemption. Also, if the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has instructed your employer to disregard your federal Form W-4, your employer must also disregard your Form IL-W-4. Finally, if you claim 15 or more exemptions on your Form IL-W-4 without claiming at least the same number of exemptions on your federal Form W-4, and your employer is not required to refer your federal Form W-4 to the IRS for review, your employer must refer your Form IL-W-4 to the department for review. In that case, your Form IL-W-4 will be effective unless and until the department notifies your employer to disregard it.

**What is an "exemption"?**

An "exemption" is a dollar amount on which you do not have to pay Illinois Income Tax. Therefore, your employer will withhold Illinois Income Tax based on your compensation minus the exemptions to which you are entitled.

**What is an "allowance"?**

The dollar amount that is exempt from Illinois Income Tax is based on the number of allowances you claim on this form. As an employee, you receive one allowance unless you are claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return (*e.g.*, your parents claim you as a dependent on their tax return). If you are married, you may claim additional allowances for your spouse and any dependents that you are entitled to claim for federal income tax purposes. You also will receive additional allowances if you or your spouse are age 65 or older, or if you or your spouse are legally blind.

**How do I figure the correct number of allowances?**

Complete the worksheet on the back of this page to figure the correct number of allowances you are entitled to claim. Give your completed Form IL-W-4 to your employer. Keep the worksheet for your records.

**Note** If you have more than one job or your spouse works, you should figure the total number of allowances you are entitled to claim. Your withholding usually will be more accurate if you claim all of your allowances on the Form IL-W-4 for the highest-paying job and claim zero on all of your other IL-W-4 forms.

**What if I underpay my tax?**

If the amount withheld from your compensation is not enough to cover your tax liability for the year, (*e.g.*, you have non-wage income, such as interest or dividends), you may reduce the number of allowances or request that your employer withhold an additional amount from your pay. Otherwise, you may owe additional tax at the end of the year. If you do not have enough tax withheld from your pay, and you owe more than \$500 tax at the end of the year, you may owe a late-payment penalty. You should either increase the amount you have withheld from your pay, or you must make estimated tax payments.

You may be assessed a **late-payment penalty** if your required estimated payments are not paid in full by the due dates.

**Note** You may still owe this penalty for an earlier quarter, even if you pay enough tax later to make up the underpayment from a previous quarter.

For additional information on penalties, see Publication 103, Uniform Penalties and Interest. Visit our web site at [tax.illinois.gov](http://tax.illinois.gov) to obtain a copy.

**Where do I get help?**

- Visit our web site at [tax.illinois.gov](http://tax.illinois.gov)
- Call our Taxpayer Assistance Division at **1 800 732-8866** or **217 782-3336**
- Call our TDD (telecommunications device for the deaf) at **1 800 544-5304**
- Write to  
**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE  
PO BOX 19044  
SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9044**

# Illinois Withholding Allowance Worksheet

## General Information

Complete this worksheet to figure your total withholding allowances.

**Everyone** must complete Step 1.

Complete Step 2 if

- you (or your spouse) are age 65 or older or legally blind, or
- you wrote an amount on Line 4 of the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet for federal Form W-4.

If you have more than one job or your spouse works, you should figure the total number of allowances you are entitled to claim. Your withholding usually will be more accurate if you claim all of your allowances on the Form IL-W-4 for the highest-paying job and claim zero on all of your other IL-W-4 forms. You may reduce the number of allowances or request that your employer withhold an additional amount from your pay, which may help avoid having too little tax withheld.

## Step 1: Figure your basic personal allowances (including allowances for dependents)

Check all that apply:

- No one else can claim me as a dependent.  
 I can claim my spouse as a dependent.

- 1 Write the total number of boxes you checked. 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Write the number of dependents (other than you or your spouse) you will claim on your tax return. 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Add Lines 1 and 2. Write the result. This is the total number of basic personal allowances to which you are **entitled**. 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 If you want to have additional Illinois Income Tax withheld from your pay, you may reduce the number of basic personal allowances or have an additional amount withheld. Write the total number of basic personal allowances you elect to claim on Line 4 and on Form IL-W-4, Line 1. 4 \_\_\_\_\_

## Step 2: Figure your additional allowances

Check all that apply:

- I am 65 or older.  I am legally blind.  
 My spouse is 65 or older.  My spouse is legally blind.

- 5 Write the total number of boxes you checked. 5 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 Write any amount that you reported on Line 4 of the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet for federal Form W-4. 6 \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 Divide Line 6 by 1,000. Round to the nearest whole number. Write the result on Line 7. 7 \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 Add Lines 5 and 7. Write the result. This is the total number of additional allowances to which you are **entitled**. 8 \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 If you want to have additional Illinois Income Tax withheld from your pay, you may reduce the number of additional allowances or have an additional amount withheld. Write the total number of additional allowances you elect to claim on Line 9 and on Form IL-W-4, Line 2. 9 \_\_\_\_\_

**Note** If you have non-wage income and you expect to owe Illinois Income Tax on that income, you may choose to have an additional amount withheld from your pay. On Line 3 of Form IL-W-4, write the additional amount you want your employer to withhold.

----- Cut here and give the certificate to your employer. Keep the top portion for your records. -----



Illinois Department of Revenue

## IL-W-4 Employee's Illinois Withholding Allowance Certificate

\_\_\_\_\_-\_\_\_\_\_-\_\_\_\_\_-  
Social Security number

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Street address

\_\_\_\_\_  
City

\_\_\_\_\_  
State

\_\_\_\_\_  
ZIP

Check the box if you are exempt from federal and Illinois Income Tax withholding.

- 1 Write the total number of basic allowances that you are claiming (Step 1, Line 4, of the worksheet). 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Write the total number of additional allowances that you are claiming (Step 2, Line 9, of the worksheet). 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Write the additional amount you want withheld (deducted) from each pay. 3 \_\_\_\_\_

I certify that I am entitled to the number of withholding allowances claimed on this certificate.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Your signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**Employer:** Keep this certificate with your records. If you have referred the employee's federal certificate to the IRS and the IRS has notified you to disregard it, you may also be required to disregard this certificate. Even if you are not required to refer the employee's federal certificate to the IRS, you still may be required to refer this certificate to the Illinois Department of Revenue for inspection. See Illinois Income Tax Regulations 86 Ill. Adm. Code 100.7110.